Confirmation No.: 1847

Applicant: WAHLSTRÖM, Gert-Ove et al.

Atty. Ref.: 07589.0127.PCUS00

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Original) An apparatus for damping resonance in a conduit (10) for transporting exhaust gases

from an internal combustion engine, which conduit (10) is provided with at least one perforation

(14) located at a distance from the outlet end (11) of the conduit and at a point in the conduit (10)

with a comparatively lower static pressure than downstream therefrom, the perforation (14)

forming an acoustic connection between the interior of the conduit (10) and the surrounding

atmosphere.

2. (Original) The apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the lower static pressure in the vicinity

of at the perforation (14) is brought about by means of a reduction in the cross section of the

conduit.

3. (Original) The apparatus as recited in claim 2, wherein the reduction in the cross section of the

conduit (14) is designed as a venturi.

4. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as recited in claim 3 claim 2, wherein the reduction in the

cross section of the conduit (14) pipe portion (10a) designed as a venturi is covered on the

outside with a sound-absorbing material.

5. (Original) The apparatus as recited in claim 4, wherein the sound-absorbing material is

covered by a perforated plate (17).

6. (Original) The apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the lower static pressure in the vicinity

of the perforation (14) is brought about by means of a change in direction of the gas flow in the

conduit.

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7. (Original) The apparatus as recited in claim 6, wherein the change in direction of the gas flow

is brought about by means of a curve of the conduit.

8. (Currently Amended) The apparatus as recited in claim 1,

An apparatus for damping resonance in a conduit (10) for transporting exhaust gases from

an internal combustion engine, which conduit (10) is provided with at least one perforation (14)

located at a distance from the outlet end (11) of the conduit and at a point in the conduit (10) with

a comparatively lower static pressure than downstream therefrom, the perforation (14) forming

an acoustic connection between the interior of the conduit (10) and the surrounding atmosphere,

and wherein the perforations (14) are covered by means of a sound-permeable fabric (20) on the

inside or outside of the conduit (10).

9. (Original) A method for affecting acoustic attenuation of resonant exhaust noise produced by a

combustion engine, said method comprising:

providing a combustion engine with an exhaust conduit having a length that causes a high

magnitude resonant acoustic sound to be experienced in the exhaust conduit as the combustion

engine passes through an exhaust resonance producing speed range; and

attenuating the magnitude of the high magnitude resonant acoustic sound at an outlet of

the exhaust conduit by causing at least a portion of the high magnitude resonant acoustic sound

to diffuse outside the exhaust conduit upstream of the outlet.

10. (Original) The method as recited in claim 9, further comprising:

providing at least one aperture along the length of the exhaust conduit and arranging the

aperture so that at least a portion of the high magnitude resonant acoustic sound diffuses

therethrough.

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11. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 10, further comprising:

A method for affecting acoustic attenuation of resonant exhaust noise produced by a combustion engine, said method comprising:

providing a combustion engine with an exhaust conduit having a length that causes a high magnitude resonant acoustic sound to be experienced in the exhaust conduit as the combustion engine passes through an exhaust resonance producing speed range;

attenuating the magnitude of the high magnitude resonant acoustic sound at an outlet of the exhaust conduit by causing at least a portion of the high magnitude resonant acoustic sound to diffuse outside the exhaust conduit upstream of the outlet;

providing at least one aperture along the length of the exhaust conduit and arranging the aperture so that at least a portion of the high magnitude resonant acoustic sound diffuses therethrough; and

locating the at least one aperture at a position along the length of the exhaust conduit where a negative pressure is normally developed inside the conduit in comparison to ambient pressure outside the conduit.

- 12. (New) The apparatus as recited in claim 8, wherein the lower static pressure in the vicinity of the perforation (14) is brought about by means of a reduction in the cross section of the conduit.
- 13. (New) The apparatus as recited in claim 12, wherein the reduction in the cross section of the conduit (14) is designed as a venturi.
- 14. (New) The apparatus as recited in claim 13, wherein the reduction in the cross section of the conduit (14) designed as a venturi is covered on the outside with a sound-absorbing material.
- 15. (New) The apparatus as recited in claim 14, wherein the sound-absorbing material is covered by a perforated plate (17).

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16. (New) The apparatus as recited in claim 8, wherein the lower static pressure in the vicinity of the perforation (14) is brought about by means of a change in direction of the gas flow in the conduit.

17. (New) The apparatus as recited in claim 16, wherein the change in direction of the gas flow is brought about by means of a curve of the conduit.